## Glossary of key terms – Hindu Dharma

|                                    | Word             | Definition   |
|------------------------------------|------------------|--|
| EYFS                               | Aum              | The most sacred symbol in Hindu dharma. The letter "A" signifies the waking state; "U" stands for the dream state; and "M" denotes the unconscious state or the state of deep sleep. |
|                                    | Deities          | The gods and goddesses   |
|                                    | Diwa lamp        | The lights lit at Diwali to guide Rama and Sita home   |
|                                    | Diwali           | The Festival of lights   |
|                                    | Hindu            | A follower of Hindu dharma   |
|                                    | Mandir           | The place of worship for Hindus sometimes referred to as a temple  |
|                                    | Murtis           | An image or statue inside or outside of a Mandir or home used in worship   |
|                                    | Namaste          | A respectful greeting  |
|                                    | Prashad          | A devotional offering made to a god  |
|                                    | Puja             | The act of worship   |
|                                    | Rama             | The hero of the Ramayana, the husband of Sita  |
|                                    | Rangoli pattern  | A traditional Hindu decoration made with ground rice   |
|                                    | Sita             | The wife of Rama.  |
| Key Stage 1<br>As above and:       | Arti Lamp        | The waving of lighted lamps before an image of a god<br>or a person to be honoured   |
|                                    | Brahman          | A member of the highest Hindu caste or the supreme<br>universal being  |
|                                    | Universal Spirit | Everlasting and unchanging   |
|                                    |                  |  |
|                                    | Avatar           | The manifestation of a deity in bodily form  |
| Lower Key Stage 2<br>As above and: | Dharma           | Duty   |
|                                    | Karma            | Good or bad luck resulting from one's actions  |
|                                    | King Ravana      | The demon king in the Ramayana   |
|                                    | Raksha Bandhan   | A festival traditionally held in August  |
|                                    | Ramayana         | The story of the rescue of Sita by Rama and Lakshma  |
|                                    | Trimurti         | The trinity of Brahma, Vishnu and Shiva  |
|                                    | Vedas (The)      | The sacred texts of Hindu dharma   |
|                                    |                  |  |
|                                    | Ashramas         | The four stages of an ideal life   |
| Upper Key Stage 2                  | Atman            | A person's soul  |
| As above and:                      | Bhagavad Gita    | The 'Song of God' one of the most important texts  |
|                                    | Brahmacharya     | The first stage of life known as the student stage   |
|                                    | Grihastha        | The second stage of life known as the 'householder' stage  |
|                                    | Holi             | A festival held in spring in honour of Krishna   |
|                                    | Krishna          | The eighth and most important avatar of Vishnu   |
|                                    | Moksha           | The release from the cycle of death and rebirth  |
|                                    | Prince Prahlad   | A pious boy who worshipped Vishnu instead of his father,<br>the king. His story is celebrated at Holi  |
|                                    | Rebirth          | The process of being reincarnated or born again  |
|                                    | Samsara          | The cycle of death and rebirth to which life in the material world is bound  |
|                                    | Sannyasin        | The fourth stage of life known as the renunciation stage   |
|                                    |                  |  |